## Total number of printed pages-8

### 4 (Sem-5/CBCS) COM HC 2 (FoFM)

#### 2022

#### COMMERCE

(Honours)

Paper: COM-HC-5026

## (Fundamentals of Financial Management)

Full Marks: 70

Time: Three hours

# The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer any ten of the following questions:
  - (A) Choose the correct option of the following: (any five) 1×5=5
  - (a) Long term investment decision is also known as
    - (i) working capital
    - (ii) dividend decision
    - (iii) capital budgeting
    - (iv) None of the above

- The overall cost of capital is also known as
  - (i) marginal cost of capital
  - variable cost of capital (ii)
  - weighted average cost of capital
  - specific cost of capital (iv)
- Capital structure represents (c)
  - ratio between different forms of capital
  - all liabilities (ii)
  - all assets
  - (iv) assets and liabilities
- The capitalization of profit is termed as
  - cash dividend (i)
  - bond dividend
  - (iii) stock dividend
  - property dividend
- Key financial function of a firm includes the following, except
  - investment decision
  - dividend decision (ii)
  - (iii) financing decision
  - make or buy decision

- According to which model dividend policy has no effect on the market price of the shares and value of the firm?
  - Walter's model
  - M M model (ii)
  - (iii) Gordon's model
  - (iv) None of the above
- Capital budgeting deals with
  - cash Management
  - management of working capital (ii)
  - managing fixed assets (iii)
  - None of the above (iv)
- Which is not payback method?
  - Pay-off method
  - Payout method
  - Recoupment period method
  - None of the above
- be accepted When should a project (i) under profitability index (PI) ?
  - When PI > 1.0
  - When PI < 1.0
  - When PI = 0
  - (iv) None of the above

- (B) Write whether the following statements are True or False: (any five) 1×5=5
  - (a) Cost of retained earnings is less than cost of equity.
  - (b) Stable dividend does not mean a fixed dividend payout ratio.
  - (c) Every financial decision should be based on cost-benefit analysis.
  - (d) Working capital is also known as excess of current assets over current liabilities.
  - (e) Profitability index is the relationship between present value of cash inflows and the present value of cash outflows.
  - (f) The cost of capital is the minimum rate of return expected by its investors.
  - (g) Stock dividend affects liquidity position of the company.
  - (h) Receivables constitute a significant portion of the fixed assets.
  - (i) Capital structure is the mix of preference and equity share capital.

- 2. Answer **any five** of the following questions in about **50** words each:  $2 \times 5 = 10$ 
  - (a) What is financing decision?
  - (b) What is permanent working capital?
  - (c) What do you mean by a capital structure?
  - (d) What is bond dividend?
  - (e) Write two importances of capital budgeting.
  - (f) What do you mean by cash management?
  - (g) What is payback period?
  - (h) Define cost of capital.
  - (i) What do you mean by accounting rate of return?
  - (j) What are the objectives of receivable management?
- 3. Answer **any four** of the following questions in about **150** words each:  $5\times4=20$ 
  - (a) Briefly explain the sources of long-term financing.

- (b) Write a brief note on valuation of securities.
- (c) Discuss five factors determining working capital requirements.
- (d) Write the different types of dividend policies.
- (e) What is IRR method of capital budgeting? Mention two advantages and two limitations of this method.
- (f) Why is wealth maximization objective considered as superior to profit maximization objective? Write five reasons.
- (g) State the limitation of financial management.
- (h) Explain the significance of cost of capital.
- 4. Answer **any three** of the following questions in about **600** words each: 10×3=30
  - (a) What is capital asset pricing model? Discuss the various assumptions and elements of CAPM. 2+(4+4)=10

- (b) Discuss the role and responsibilities of a finance manager in modern business organization.
- (c) Sunrise Enterprise is considering two mutually exclusive projects with the following cash flow stream:

Year	Project A	Project B
0	300000	300000
1	60000	130000
2	100000	100000
3	120000	80000
4	150000	60000

If the cost of capital to the firm is 12%, rank the two projects in terms of —

- (i) payback period, and
- (ii) net present value

(At 12% the present value of Re.1 received at the end of the 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, and 4<sup>th</sup> years are 0.892, 0.797, 0.711, and 0.635 respectively)

5+5= 10

- (d) Radha & Company issues 10,000 preference shares at 10% and face value of the share is Rs. 100 each. The cost of issue is Rs. 2 per share. Calculate the cost of preference share capital if issued
  - (i) at a premium of 10%, and
  - (ii) at a discount of 5%. 5+5=10
- (e) What is dividend? Discuss the important factors which determine dividend policy of a company. 2+8=10
- (f) Discuss the disadvantages of excessive working capital and dangers of inadequate working capital encountered by a firm.

  5+5=10
- (g) Explain the relationship between operating leverage and financial leverage.
- (h) Discuss the modern method of capital budgeting.