Total number of printed pages-7

4 (Sem-5/CBCS) COM HC 2 (FoFM)

2021 (Held in 2022)

COMMERCE

(Honours)

Paper: COM-HC-5026

(Fundamentals of Financial Management)

Full Marks: 80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. (A) Choose the correct option of the following: 1×5=5
 - (i) Which of the following is a part of financial decision-making?
 - (a) Investment decision
 - (b) Financing decision
 - (c) Dividend decision
 - (d) All of the above

Contd.

- (ii) Capital budgeting is a part of
 - (a) investment decision
 - (b) working capital management
 - (c) capital structure
 - (d) dividend decision
- (iii) Cost of capital refers to
 - (a) floatation cost
 - (b) dividend
 - (c) minimum required rate of return
 - (d) None of the above
- (iv) The working capital ratio is
 - (a) working capital/sales
 - (b) working capital/total assets
 - (c) current assets/current liabilities
 - (d) current assets/sales

- (v) The long-term objective of financial management is to
 - (a) maximize earning per share
 - (b) maximize the value of the firm's common stock
 - (c) maximize return on investment
 - (d) maximize market share
- (B) Write whether the following statements are True **or** False: 1×5=5
 - (i) Profit maximization ignores risk and uncertainity.
 - (ii) The value of a share is equal to the present value of its expected future dividend.
 - (iii) The NPV method does not consider the time value of money.

- (iv) Retained earnings do not involve any cost.
 - (v) Gross working capital means total current assets.
- 2. Answer the following questions: 2×5=10
 - (a) What is financial management?
 - (b) What is dividend?

From the second

- (c) What is internal rate of return?
- (d) What is marginal cost?
- (e) What is leverage?
- 3. Answer **any four** from the following questions: 5×4=20
 - (a) Write a brief note on valuation of equity shares.
 - (b) Explain various types of dividend.

- (c) What is optimum capital structure? Explain.
- (d) State the advantages and disadvantages of pay-back period method.
- (e) Explain the main objective of inventory management.
- (f) Explain the main tools of cash planning and control.
- 4. Explain the characteristics of financial management. Describe the goals of financial management. 4+6=10

Or

Discuss the various factors that affect bond value. Also explain the steps in bond valuation. 5+5=10

Define capital budgeting. Discuss the capital budgeting process.
 2+8=10

A company has to select one of the two alternative projects whose particulars are given below:

Particulars		Project A (Rs.)	Project B (Rs.)
Initial outlay:		1,18,720	1,00,670
Net cash flow at the end of the year	ar:		
	1st year	1,00,000	10,000
	2nd year	20,000	10,000
	3rd year	10,000	20,000
	4th year	10,000	1,00,000

The company can arrange necessary fund at 8%. Compute NPV of each project and comment on results.

[The PV factor of Re.1 received at the end of 1st year is 0.926, 2nd year is 0.857, 3rd year is 0.794 and 4th year is 0.735.]

Or

- (a) A company plans to issue 1000 new shares of Rs.100 each at par. The floatation costs are expected to be 5% of the share price. The company pays a dividend of Rs.10 per share initially and the growth in dividends is expected to be 5%. Compute the cost of new issue of equity shares.
- (b) Distinguish between operating leverage and financial leverage. 5
- 7. State the meaning of dividend policy. Explain the Modigliani and Miller hypothesis of dividend decision. 2+8=10

Or

Explain the concept and determinants of working capital. 2+8=10

^{6.} Explain the concept of cost of capital. Also explain the methods for calculating cost of capital. 2+8=10

^{4 (}Sem-5/CBCS) COM HC 2 (FoFM)/G 6