HISTORY COURSE OUTCOME

Programme Learning Outcomes are:

(i)Knowledge and understanding

Upon completion of the programme, the graduates would be able to demonstrate the acquisition of: knowledge of facts, concepts, principles, theories, and processes that the subject History is embedded in. The graduates will have an understanding of both World, Indian and regional histories and also the political, social and economic forces that shaped the histories. Overall, the programme will help the students develop broad multidisciplinary learning contexts especially in the field of humanities and social sciences.

(ii) Generic learning outcomes:

The students completing the programme will be able to think Critically will be to apply analytic thought to history in particular and humanities and social sciences in general, including the analysis and evaluation of policies and practices, as well as evidence, arguments, claims, beliefs and the reliability and relevance of evidence. The Graduates will be able to identify relevant assumptions or implications; and formulate coherent arguments; identify logical flaws in the arguments of others, analyse and synthesise data/information related to issues and arguments of history from a variety of sources and draw valid conclusions and support them with evidence and logic. Graduates with history as is being offered under FYUGP of Gauhati University will acquire knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple cultures and a global perspective to honour diversity. The graduates will be able to identify the migration of people and their settlements in Bharat and link them with cultural diversity. Graduates will be capable to effectively engage in a multicultural group/society and interact respectfully with diverse group.

First Semester (History 1/1)

Course Name: History of India (Up to 1206 CE)

Credit: 4 Course level: 100-199

Course Outcome: Upon completion of this course, a student will be able to:

- explain the emergence of state system in North India as well as development of imperial state structure and state formation in South India in the early period.
- They will be able to relate the changes and transformations in polity of early India and the linkages developed through contacts with the outside world.

Course Name: SEC0111403: Historical Tourism in North East India

Total Marks: 75 Credit: 3

Course Objective: After completing this course, students will be able to-

- Take part in the Tourism industry in North East India as tourist guides as well as engage in destination research with special reference to the historical monuments, cultural and ecological elements and places of the north east India country as tourist and heritage sites of the nation.
- They will be able to relate to the growing vocation of tourism as an industry and the applicability of historical knowledge for its growth.

Second Semester: (History 1/1)

Course Name: History of India (1206-1757 CE)

Credit: 4 Course level: 100-199

Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, students will be able to :

• Explain the political transition that took place under the Sultanate and the Mughals and how it changed the geo-political structure between 1206-1757.

• Identify the regional kingdoms and analyse their administration and polity.

• Explain the formation of different pre-modern states apart from the Sultanate and the Mughals during this period along with their administrative system, political ideologies, legitimation, and the institution of kingship.